1. [6 points] Let the function  $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  be defined via  $f(x) = x^{3+\operatorname{sgn} x}$  where

$$sgn(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } x > 0\\ 0 & \text{for } x = 0\\ -1 & \text{for } x < 0 \end{cases}$$

Determine the (two-sided) derivative of f at every point where it exists.

- 2. [4 points] We cut out small squares from the corners of a square sheet of paper and fold it to make a box (without a lid). How large should the cut-out squares be to maximize the volume of the box that is formed?
- 3. /6 points/ Using the L'Hospital rule, compute the limits

(a) 
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+x} - \sqrt{1-x}}{x}$$
  
(b) 
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin 2x}{x}$$
  
(c) 
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2}$$
  
(d) 
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin(\sin(\sin x))}{\tan(\tan x)}$$
  
(e) 
$$\lim_{x \to e} \frac{\log x - 1}{x - e}$$
  
(f) 
$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x + x^2 + \dots + x^n - n}{x - 1}$$
, where  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ 

- 4. [4 points] Using Taylor polynomials, numerically approximate the following values up to six digits after the decimal point. You can omit error estimates.
  - a)  $\exp(0.01)$
  - b)  $\cos 0.1$
  - c)  $\sqrt{0.98}$
  - d) log 1.2