# Class worksheet 10: Combinatorics and Graphs 1 

December 13, 2023

Name: $\qquad$
This is just to practice, no points are awarded.

1. Prove that $R(3,3)=6$. In the lecture we only proved that $R(3,3) \leq 6$.
2. Prove that for every $k$ there exists $n$ such that among any $n$ points in $\mathbb{R}^{2}$ in general position (no three are on the same straight line) there will be some $k$ of them forming a convex polygon. Hint: colour a quadruple of points red if they are in convex position, and blue otherwise. Then what?
3. Prove that $R(3,4) \leq 9$.
4. Let $F$ be a finite collection of binary strings of finite lengths and assume no member of $F$ is a prefix of another one. Let $N_{i}$ denote the number of strings of length $i$ in $F$. Prove that

$$
\sum_{i} \frac{N_{i}}{2^{i}} \leq 1
$$

