

Back to Max-Cut Approximation Algorithms

(1)

Approximation Ratios of Goemans-Williamson Alg.: $\delta_{GW} \approx 0.87856420..$

Better

- (1) dense graphs (n edges, $c > 0$ fixed): Polynomial-time approximation scheme [use of regularity lemma]
- (2) bounded max degree

But it is conjectured that no improvement possible for all graphs [Unique Conj.]

Theorem (Håstad) • Assuming $P \neq NP$, no polynomial-time algorithm can approximate Max Cut better than $16/17 \approx 0.94$.

- Given a 3-SAT formula φ , Håstad's construction yields graph $G = G(\varphi)$ s.t.
 - (1) Max Cut $\geq 16/17$ if φ satisfiable (x eff. computed from φ)
 - (2) Max Cut $\leq 16/17$ if φ is unsatisfiable.

Approximation Ratio and Integrality Gap

(2)

$$\delta_{\text{GAP}} = \inf_G \frac{\text{Alg}_G(G)}{\text{Opt}(G)}$$

Alg_G(G): expected size of cut found by random hyperplane rounding in G-walkwith

$$\text{SDP}(G) = \max_{\{v_i\} \in G} \left\{ \sum_{i,j \in E} \frac{1 - v_i^T v_j}{2} ; \|v_i\| = \dots = \|v_n\| = 1 \right\}$$

relaxation

Integrality Gap

$$\text{Gap} := \max_G \frac{\text{SDP}(G)}{\text{Opt}(G)}$$

Lemma

$$\frac{1}{\text{Gap}} \geq \text{Approximation Ratio}$$

For maximization algorithms based on semidefinite or linear prog.

(3)

Theorem (Feige, Schechtman) The integrality gap of the Goemans-Williamson SDP relaxation of Max Cut satisfies

$$\text{Gap} > \frac{1}{\alpha_{GW}} \approx 1.1382; \quad \forall \epsilon > 0 \exists G: \frac{\text{SDP}}{\text{Opt}} > \frac{1}{\alpha_{GW}} - \epsilon$$

We had: $\text{Alg}/\text{SDP} > \alpha_{GW}$ and $\text{Opt} > \text{Alg} \Rightarrow$

$$\text{GAP} = \text{Opt}(\text{SDP}/\text{Opt}) \leq \frac{1}{\alpha_{GW}}$$

Hence: $\text{GAP} = \frac{1}{\alpha_{GW}}$
