## Exercises for Combinatorial and Computational Geometry Series 2 — Helly-type theorems and the ham sandwich theorem hints 7.11.2017, deadline 14.11.2017

- 1. Let  $C_1, \ldots, C_n$  be a collection of at least three convex sets in the plane and let K be the line segment  $[0,1] \times \{0\}$ . Show that if the intersection of every triple of sets from  $C_1, \ldots, C_n$  contains a translated copy of K, then also the intersection of all the sets  $C_1, \ldots, C_n$  contains a translated copy of K.
- 2. Let  $M \subset \mathbb{R}^2$  be a closed polygon with area S(M), not necessarily convex. Prove that there is a point  $x \in \mathbb{R}^2$  such that every line that contains x divides M into two parts, each with area at least S(M)/3.
- 3. A collection  $\mathcal{C} = \{C_1, \ldots, C_n\}$  of convex sets in the plane has (p, q)-property if  $n \geq p$  and every p-tuple of sets from  $\mathcal{C}$  contains a q-tuple with a nonempty intersection. The piercing number  $s(\mathcal{C})$  of the collection  $\mathcal{C}$  is the minimum size of a set  $X \subset \mathbb{R}^2$  such that every  $C_i \in \mathcal{C}$  contains at least one point from X.
  - (a) Prove that every finite collection C of closed axis-parallel rectangles with the (2,2)-property satisfies s(C)=1. [2]
  - (b) Prove that every finite collection C of closed axis-parallel rectangles with the (4,3)-property satisfies  $s(C) \leq 2$ . [3]
- 4. For  $n \geq 4$ , let  $C_1, \ldots, C_n$  be a collection of convex sets in the plane. Show that if the intersection of every 4-tuple of sets from  $C_1, \ldots, C_n$  contains a ray, then the intersection of all the sets  $C_1, \ldots, C_n$  contains a ray. [4, hint]
- 5. The ham sandwich theorem says that for every collection of disjoint finite sets  $A_1, \ldots, A_d \subset \mathbb{R}^d$  there is a hyperplane h such that every open halfspace determined by h contains at most  $\left|\frac{|A_i|}{2}\right|$  points of every  $A_i$ .
  - Let  $A_1, A_2, \ldots, A_d$  be disjoint sets in  $\mathbb{R}^d$  such that every  $A_i$  contains n points and the points in  $\bigcup_{i=1}^d A_i$  are in general position (that is, no hyperplane contains more than d points from this union). Show that the points from  $\bigcup_{i=1}^d A_i$  can be partitioned into n rainbow d-tuples (that is, sets  $\{x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_d\}$  with  $x_i \in A_i$ ) such that their convex hulls are disjoint.

If you wish to use a different version of the ham sandwich theorem than the one stated here, prove it first. [2]