

Approximation of Spanning Tree Congestion using Hereditary Bisection

Petr Kolman

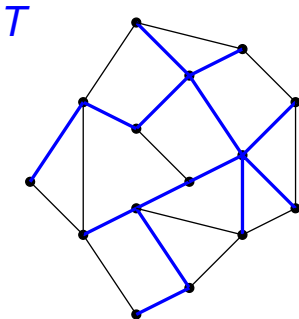
Charles University, Prague

STACS 2025

Preliminaries

Definitions

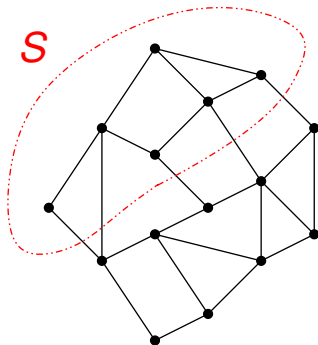
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- **cut** of $G = (V, E)$: partition of V into two subsets S and $V \setminus S$
- **cut size**: $|E(S, V \setminus S)|$ = number of edges between S and $V \setminus S$



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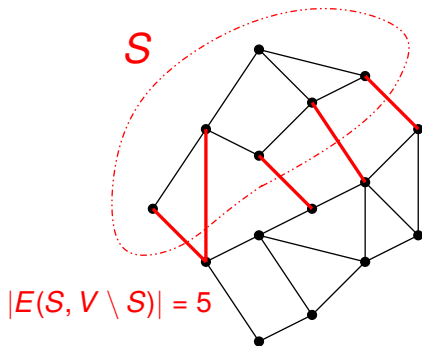
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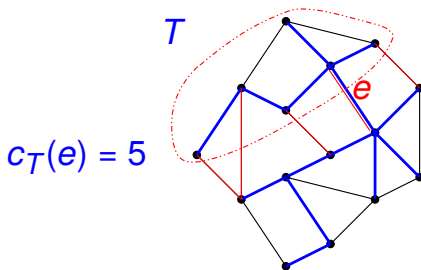
Spanning Tree Congestion

Cuts Induced by a Spanning Tree

- given a spanning tree T of G and an edge $e \in T$, the removal of e defines a cut in G - let $c_T(e)$ denote its size
- congestion of a span. tree* T of G : $\text{STC}(G, T) = \max_{e \in T} c_T(e)$

Spanning Tree Congestion

- $\text{STC}(G) = \min_{T \in \mathcal{T}} \text{STC}(G, T)$ where \mathcal{T} = all spanning trees of G



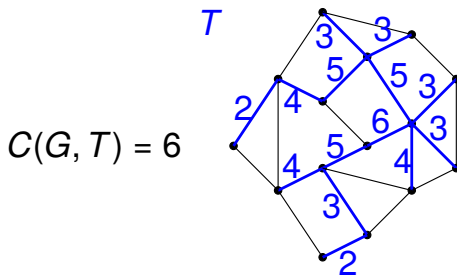
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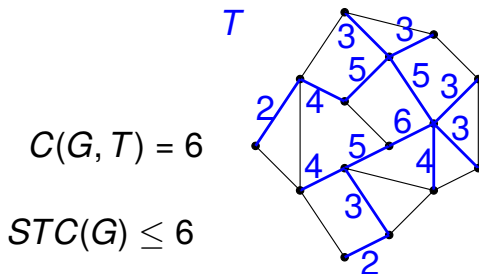
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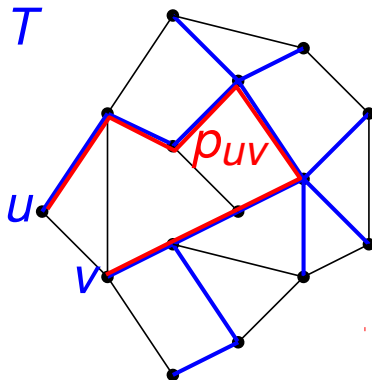
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Spanning Tree Congestion - Alternative View

Simulating G by its Spanning Tree T

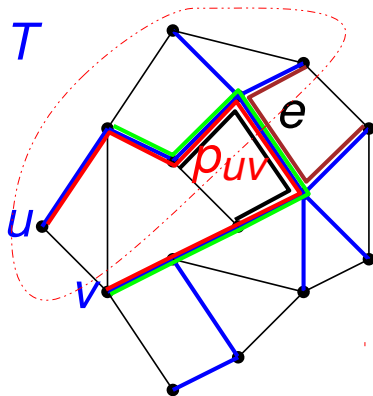
- given a spanning tree T of G , for every edge $uv \in E(G)$ there is a **unique path** p_{uv} in T between u and v
- Claim: for every $e \in E(T)$, $c_T(e) = |\{uv \in E(G) \mid p_{uv} \ni e\}|$.



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Selected Known Results

Optimization and Decision Versions

- STC: given G , compute $\text{STC}(G)$ and find the corresponding tree
- k – STC: given G and $k \in \mathbb{N}$, is $\text{STC}(G) \leq k$?

Complexity and Approximation

- 1987 - Simonson: problem first studied, under different name
- 2004 - Ostrovskii: STC name, graph-theoretic results
- 2010 - Otachi et al., Löwenstein: NP-hard, even for planar graphs
- 2010 - Otachi et al.:
 - for $k \leq 3$, k – STC in P
 - $n/2$ -approximation (as $\text{STC} \geq m/n$)
- 2010 - Okamoto et al.: exact $O(2^n)$ -time algorithm

Selected Known Results, contd.

Complexity and Approximation, contd.

- 2012 - Bodlaender et al.: NP-hard even for graphs with all but one degrees bounded by $O(1)$
 - 8 – STC NP-hard \Rightarrow no c -approx. for $c < 9/8$
 - k – STC FPT w.r.t. k and max degree
 - k – STC FPT w.r.t. k and treewidth
- 2019 - Chandran et al.: $\text{STC} = O(\sqrt{mn})$
 $\Rightarrow O(n/\log n)$ -approx. if $\omega(n \log^2 n)$ edges
- 2023 - Luu and Chrobak: 5 – STC NP-hard, no c -approximation, for $c < 6/5$, unless $P=NP$
- 2024 - Kolman: $o(n)$ -approx. on graphs with polylog degree
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Observe

- $\Omega(n)$ gap between lower and upper bounds on approximability

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Algorithm

- $O(\Delta \cdot \log^{3/2} n)$ -approximation of STC where Δ is the max degree

Note: An exponential improvement for polylog-degree graphs.

Lower Bound

- $\text{STC}(G) \geq \Omega(\text{hb}(G)/\Delta)$ where $\text{hb}(G)$ is the **hereditary bisection**, which is the maximum bisection width over all subgraphs of G

Key Notions

Bisection $b(G)$ of $G = (V, E)$

- $b(G) = \min_{S \subset V} \{|E(S, V \setminus S)| : |S| = n/2\}$

Hereditary Bisection $hb(G)$

- $hb(G) = \max\{b(H) : H \text{ subgraph of } G\}$

c -Balanced Cut, $c \geq 1/2$

- a subset S of V s. t. $|S|, |V \setminus S| \leq c \cdot n$, minimizing $|E(S, V \setminus S)|$

Edge Expansion $\beta(G)$

- $\beta(G) = \min_{S \subset V} \frac{|E(S, V \setminus S)|}{\min\{|S|, |V \setminus S|\}}$

Theorem (K., Matoušek, 2004)

Every G contains a subgraph H s.t. $|V(H)| \geq 2n/3$ and $\beta(H) \geq \frac{b(G)}{n}$.

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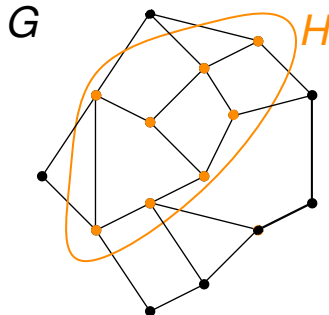
Auxiliary Lower Bound

Lemma (Expansion Lower Bound)

For every subgraph H of G , $\text{STC}(G) \geq \frac{\beta(H) \cdot k}{\Delta}$ where $k = |V(H)|$.

Proof

- T - the optimal spanning tree
- Pick $u \in T$ and a component C of $T \setminus u$ s.t. $\frac{k}{\Delta} \leq |C \cap H| \leq \frac{k}{2}$
- Then $|E(C, V \setminus C)| \geq \beta(H) \frac{k}{\Delta}$
- For each $xy \in E(C, V \setminus C)$, the $x - y$ path in T goes through the edge $Cu \in T$
- Thus, $\text{STC}(G) = \text{STC}(G, T) \geq \frac{|E(C, V \setminus C)|}{\Delta} \geq \frac{\beta(H) \cdot k}{\Delta}$ \square



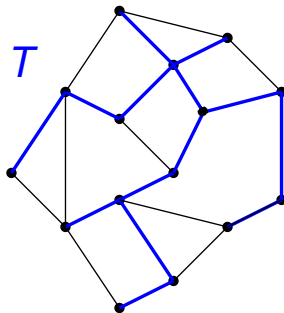
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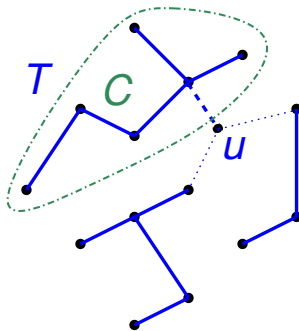
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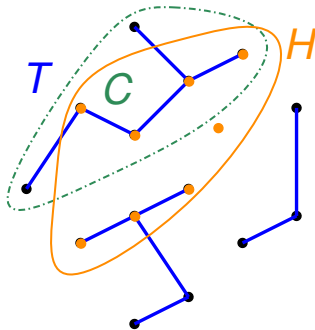
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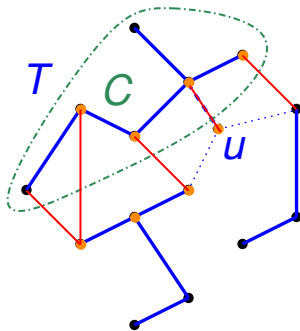
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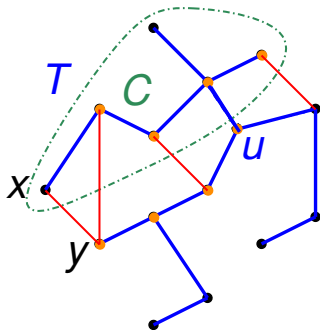
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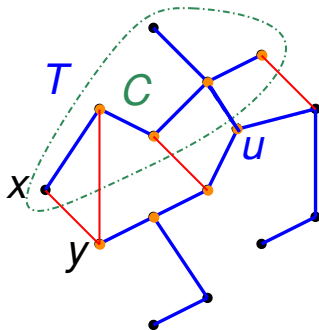
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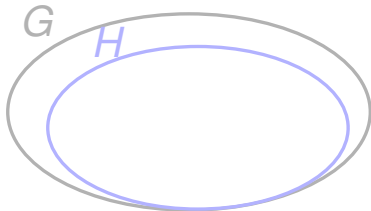
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For every graph $G = (V, E)$, $STC(G) \geq \Omega\left(\frac{hb(G)}{\Delta}\right)$.

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- Let H be subgraph of G with max bisection, i.e., $b(H) = hb(G)$.
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- By Lemma applied to H' :

$$STC(G) \geq \frac{\beta(H') \cdot |V(H')|}{\Delta} \geq \frac{b(H)}{|V(H)|} \cdot \frac{2 \cdot |V(H)|}{3 \cdot \Delta} = \frac{2 \cdot hb(G)}{3 \cdot \Delta}$$



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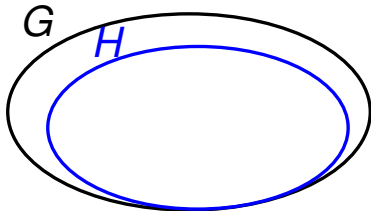
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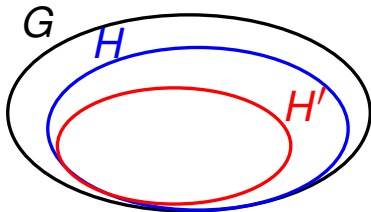
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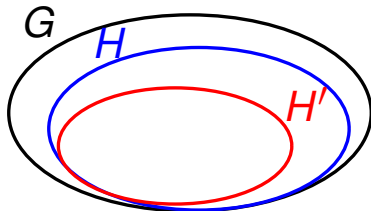
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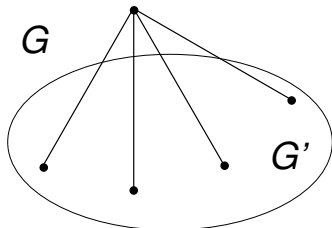


Dependence on the Maximum Degree Δ

Tight Example

Let G' be an $O(1)$ -degree **expander** on $n - 1$ vertices, and let G be G' plus a new node that is connected to all old vertices.

- $b(G') = \Omega(n)$, thus, $hb(G) = \Omega(n)$
- $\Delta(G) = n - 1$
- $STC(G) = \Omega\left(\frac{hb(G)}{\Delta}\right) = \Omega(1)$
- $STC(G) = O(1)$ as the star rooted at the new vertex has congestion $O(1)$

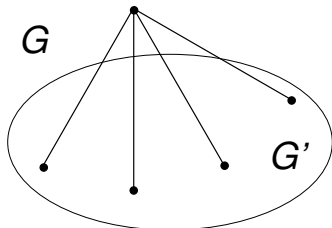


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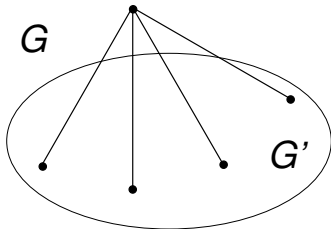


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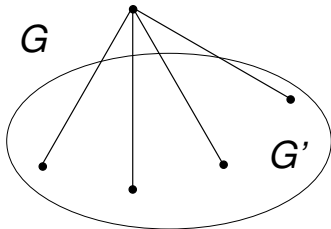


Dependence on the Maximum Degree Δ

Tight Example

Let G' be an $O(1)$ -degree **expander** on $n - 1$ vertices, and let G be G' plus a new node that is connected to all old vertices.

- $b(G') = \Omega(n)$, thus, $hb(G) = \Omega(n)$
- $\Delta(G) = n - 1$
- $STC(G) = \Omega\left(\frac{hb(G)}{\Delta}\right) = \Omega(1)$
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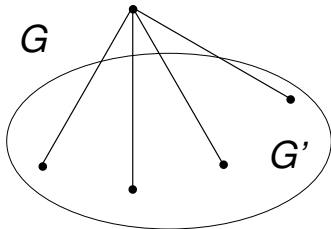


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Approximation Algorithm - Sketch

Key Tools

- The new lower bound $OPT = \Omega\left(\frac{hb(G)}{\Delta}\right)$.
- Poly time algorithm (Arora, Rao, Vazirani, 2004) for **2/3-balanced** cut of size $O(\sqrt{\log n} \cdot b(G))$.

Key Ideas

- **Recursively bisect** the graph until each part is small.
- **Each level** of recursion causes congestion (cf. new lower bound)

$$O(\sqrt{\log n} \cdot hb(G)) = O(\sqrt{\log n} \cdot \Delta \cdot OPT) .$$

- **Overall** congestion

$$O(\log^{3/2} n \cdot hb(G)) = O(\log^{3/2} n \cdot \Delta \cdot OPT) .$$

Approximation Algorithm

CONSTRUCTST(H)

```
1: if  $|V(H)| > 1$  then
2:   construct 2/3-balanced cut  $F \subset E(H)$  of  $H$ 
3:   for each component  $C$  of  $H \setminus F$  do
4:      $T_C \leftarrow \text{CONSTRUCTST}(C)$ 
5:   connect all the spanning trees  $T_C$  into a spanning tree  $T$  of  $H$ 
6:   return  $T$ 
7: else
8:   return  $H$ 
```

Theorem

CONSTRUCTST is an $O(\Delta \cdot \log^{3/2} n)$ -approximation algorithm.

Three Questions

- A **better approximation** of STC for graphs with **large Δ** ?
- A **better lower** bound for STC for graphs with **large Δ** ?
- Other usage of **hereditary bisection**?

Thank you!