Algorithmic game theory – Tutorial 8*

December 2, 2024

1 Games in extensive form

The sequence form of an imperfect-information game G is a 4-tuple (P, S, u, C) where P is a set of n players, $S = (S_1, \ldots, S_n)$, where S_i is a set of sequences of player $i, u = (u_1, \ldots, u_n)$, where $u_i: S \to \mathbb{R}$ is the payoff function of player i, and $C = (C_1, \ldots, C_n)$ is a set of linear constraints on the realization probabilities of player i.

Exercise 1. Assume that G is an extensive game of two players represented by a d-regular tree of height 2m + 1 where $d \ge 2$ and $m \ge 1$ are integers and where players alternate in moves. Let G' be a normal-form game obtained from G where the set of actions of each player consists of a set of all pure strategies in G'. How many (asymptotically) action profiles are there in G'?

Exercise 2. Consider the following simple Poker game of two players:

- 1. Player one is dealt either Ace or King.
- 2. Player two is dealt either Ace or King.
- 3. Pot (money on the table players are playing for) is two dollars.
- 4. Player one acts and can either bet one dollar or check.
- 5. Player two acts and can bet (if player one checked), or if player one bet, he can either call (even up the bet) or fold (give up).
- 6. Player one acts again only if he checked first and second player bet. He can either call or fold.
- 7. Player who folded or had worse card looses one dollar.

Formulate this game as an imperfect information game of two players in extensive form with a chance player.

The equilibria of a two-player zero-sum game in an extensive form of perfect recall are the solutions to the following linear program:

$$\min_{u,y} e^{\top} u \text{ subject to } Fy = f, E^{\top} u - Ay \ge \mathbf{0}, y \ge \mathbf{0}.$$

Exercise 3. Construct an extensive form of the game Matching Pennies from Table 1 and write its sequence form and the linear program for finding Nash equilibria in this game.

	Head	Tails
Head	(1,-1)	(-1,1)
Tails	(-1,1)	(1,-1)

Table 1: A normal form of the game Matching Pennies.

A pair (x, y) of realization plans in a 2-player game in the extensive form of perfect recall is equilibrium if and only if there are vectors u and v such that the following conditions are satisfied:

$$\begin{aligned} x^{\top}(E^{\top}u - Ay) &= 0, \quad y^{\top}(F^{\top}v - B^{\top}x) = 0, \\ Ex &= e, x \geq \mathbf{0}, \quad Fy = f, y \geq \mathbf{0}, \\ E^{\top}u - Ay \geq \mathbf{0}, \quad F^{\top}v - B^{\top}x \geq \mathbf{0}. \end{aligned}$$

Exercise 4. Construct an extensive form of the Game of chicken from Table 2 and write its sequence form and the linear complementarity problem for finding Nash equilibria in this game.

^{*}Information about the course can be found at http://kam.mff.cuni.cz/~cizek/

	Turn	Straight
Turn	(0,0)	(-1,1)
Straight	(1,-1)	(-10,-10)

Table 2: A normal form of the Game of chicken.