



Characterizations of Deque and Queue Graphs

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University of Passau



Introduction and Motivation

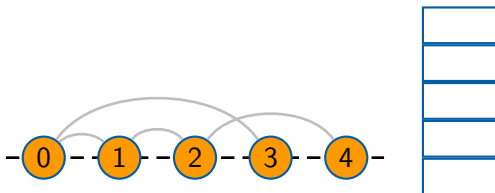
Deque Graphs

Proper Leveled-Planar Graphs

Conclusion and Future Work

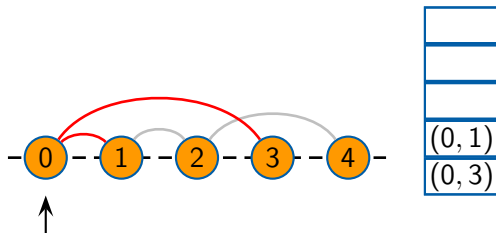


- ▶ Graph layouts
 - ▶ Undirected graph: $G = (V, E)$
 - ▶ Linear layout $\pi : V \rightarrow \{0, \dots, n-1\}$: positioning of the vertices
- ▶ Example: **Stack** layout



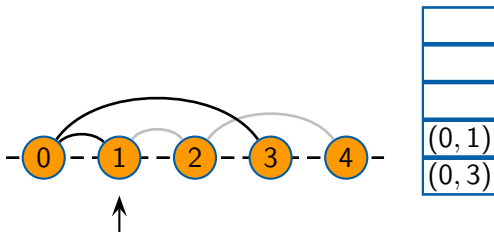


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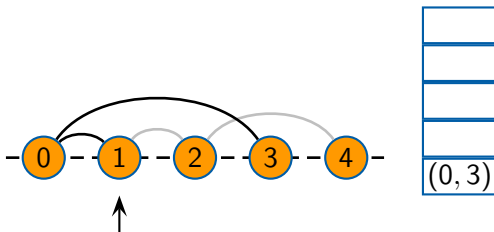


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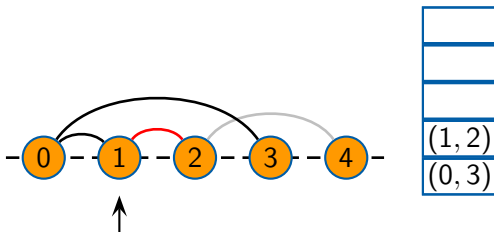


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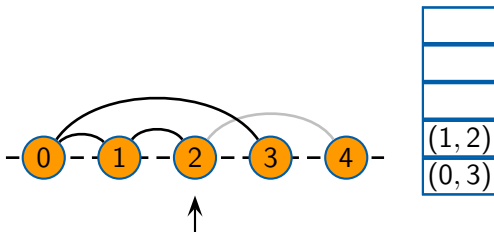


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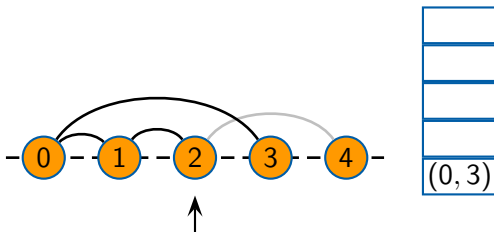


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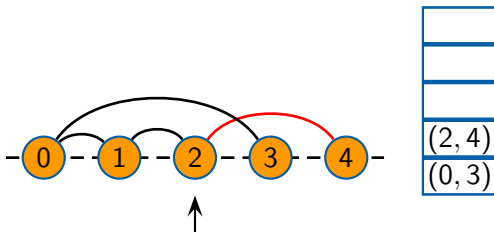


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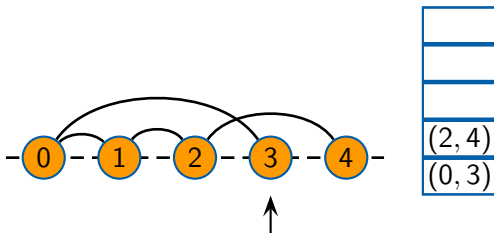


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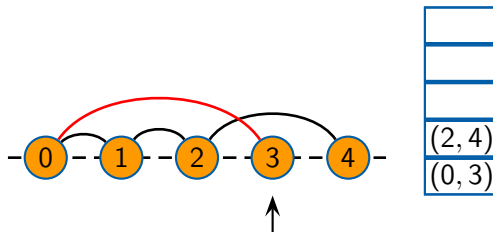


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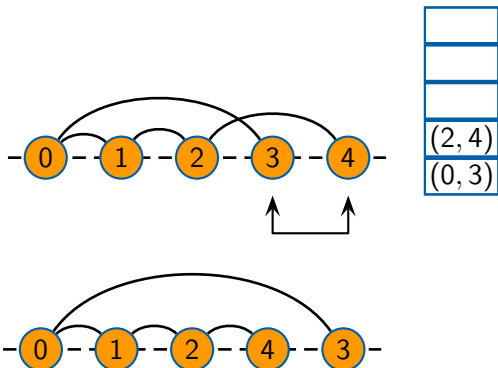


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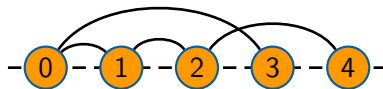


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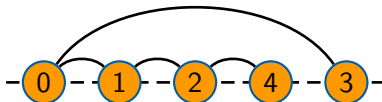




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- ▶ Example: **Stack** layout
- ▶ Strong relationship between **graph layouts** and **planarity**



(2, 4)
(0, 3)





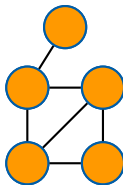
Bernhart, Kainen, '79: A graph is a...

- ▶ ... **stack** graph $\iff$ it is **outer-planar**



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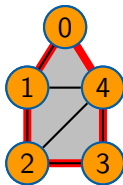
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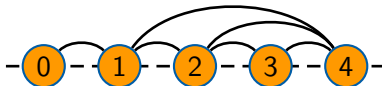
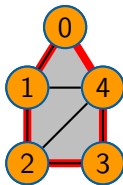
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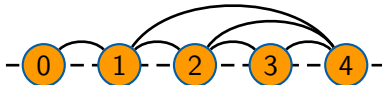
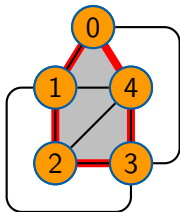
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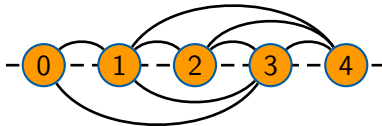
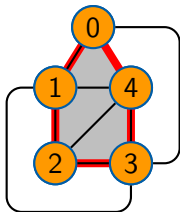
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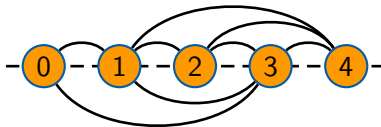
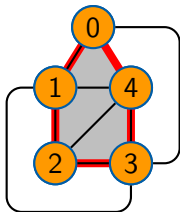
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Bernhart, Kainen, '79: A graph is a...

- ▶ ... **stack** graph $\iff$ it is **outer-planar**
- ▶ ... **2-stack** graph $\iff$ it is subgraph of planar graph with a **Hamiltonian cycle**





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► Double-ended queue





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- ▶ Two sides: **Head h** and **Tail t**





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- ▶ Linear I/O layout:
 - ▶ Linear layout $\pi : V \rightarrow \{0, \dots, n-1\}$
 - ▶ Input assignment $\alpha : E \rightarrow \{h, t\}$
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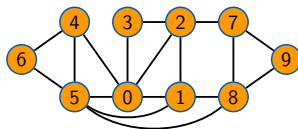
- ▶ A deque...
 - ▶ ...can emulate two stacks

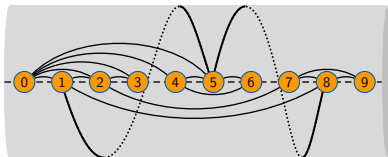
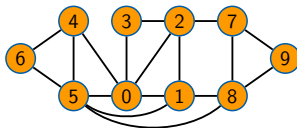


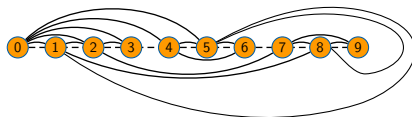
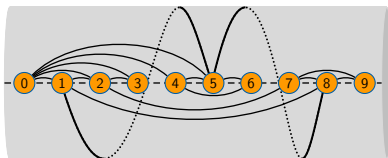
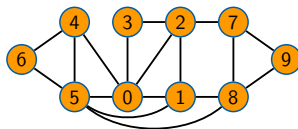
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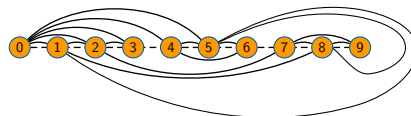
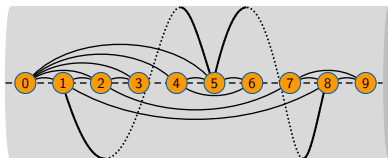
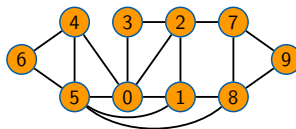


- ▶ A deque...
 - ▶ ...can emulate two stacks
 - ▶ ...allows queue items

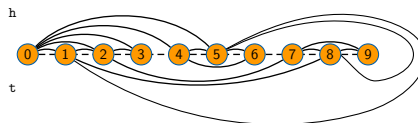
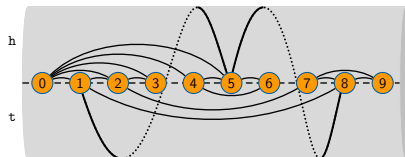
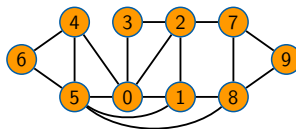




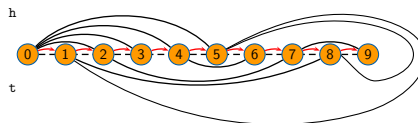
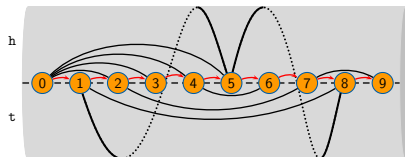
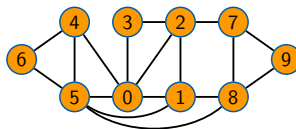




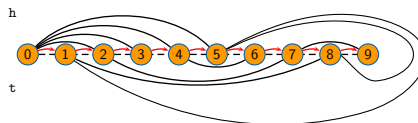
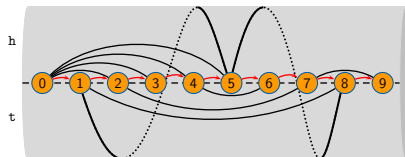
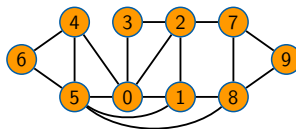
► A graph is a deque graph $\iff$ it is **linear cylindric planar**



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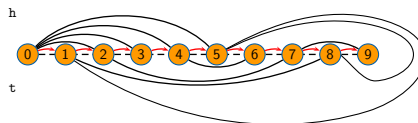
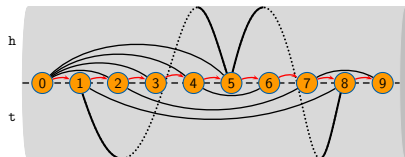
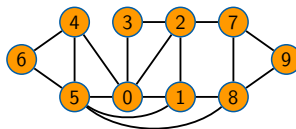


► A graph is a deque graph $\iff$ it is **linear cylindric planar**

► G is a deque graph

$\implies$

G has a planar supergraph with a **Hamiltonian path**



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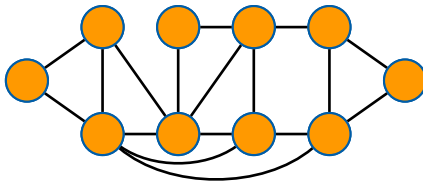
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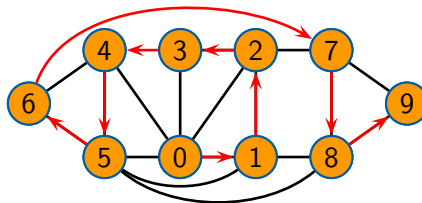


► Proof idea



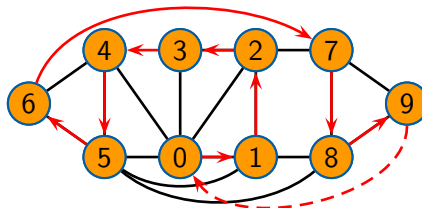


- ▶ Proof idea
 - ▶ “Cut” along Hamiltonian path



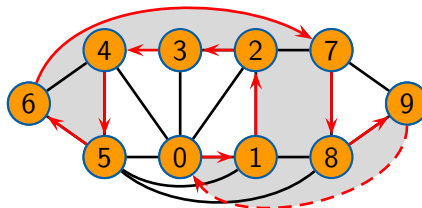


- ▶ Proof idea
 - ▶ “Cut” along Hamiltonian path and back to start vertex



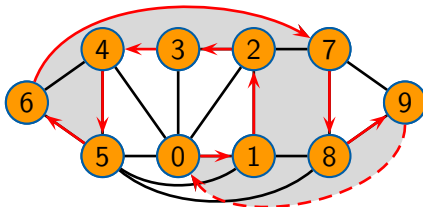


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- ▶ Proof idea
 - ▶ “Cut” along Hamiltonian path and back to start vertex
 - ▶ **Linear layout**: Hamiltonian path



h

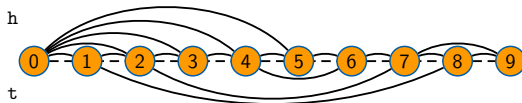
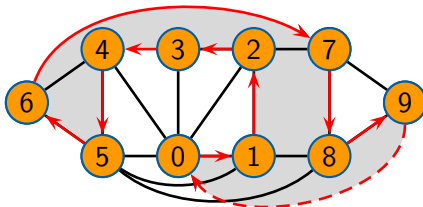


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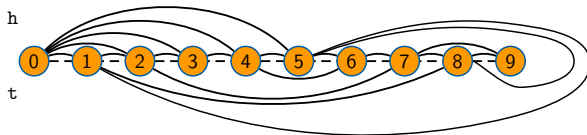
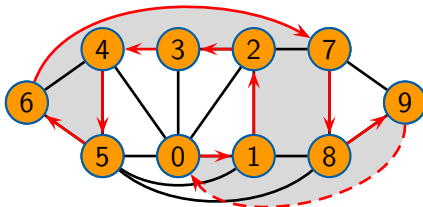
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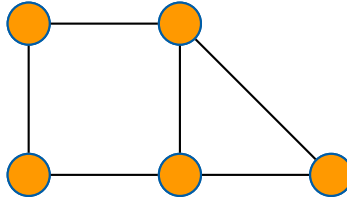
- “Cut” along Hamiltonian path and back to start vertex
- **Linear layout**: Hamiltonian path
- **Stack edges**: within one region

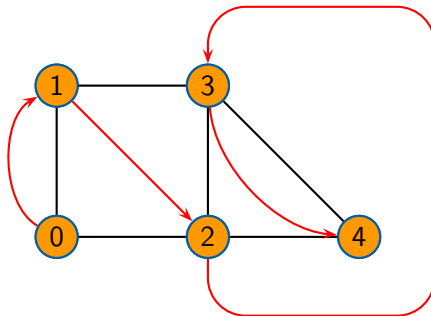


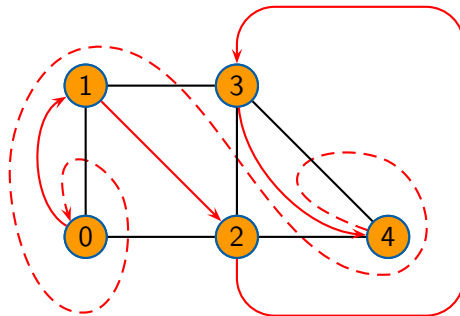
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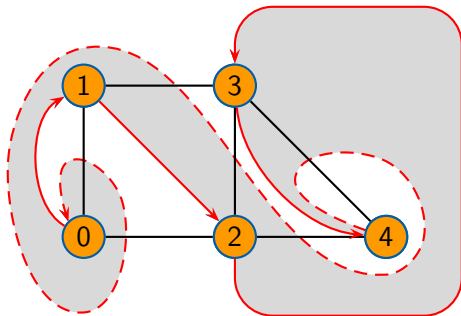
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- **Linear layout**: Hamiltonian path
- **Stack edges**: within one region
- **Queue edges**: different regions



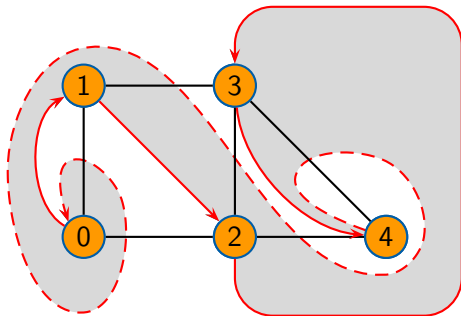








- All edges are **queue edges** $\implies$ **queue graph**



- ▶ All edges are **queue edges** $\implies$ **queue graph**
- ▶ **Consequence:** The dual of an embedded queue graph has a Eulerian path



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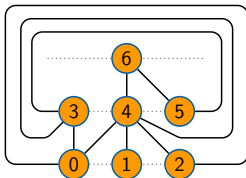
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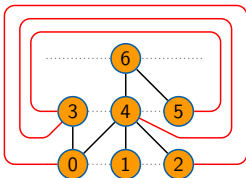


- ▶ G is a queue graph $\iff G$ is arched leveled-planar (Heath and Rosenberg)



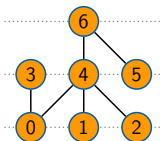


- ▶ G is a queue graph $\iff G$ is arched leveled-planar (Heath and Rosenberg)
- ▶ “almost” proper leveled-planar



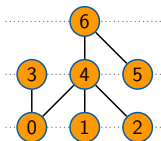


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Proposition:

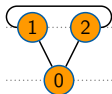
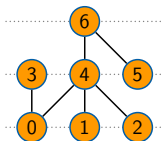
G is proper leveled-planar



G is a bipartite queue graph



- ▶ G is a queue graph $\iff G$ is arched leveled-planar (Heath and Rosenberg)
- ▶ “almost” proper leveled-planar
- ▶ arched leveled-planar $\nRightarrow$ bipartite



Proposition:

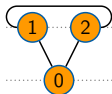
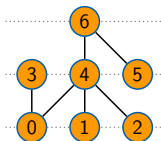
G is proper leveled-planar



G is a bipartite queue graph



- ▶ G is a queue graph $\iff G$ is arched leveled-planar (Heath and Rosenberg)
- ▶ “almost” proper leveled-planar
- ▶ arched leveled-planar $\nRightarrow$ bipartite

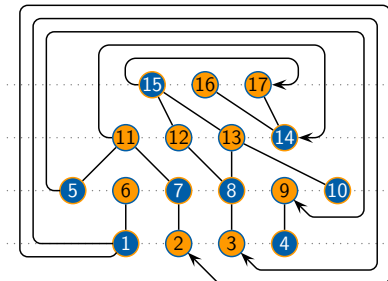


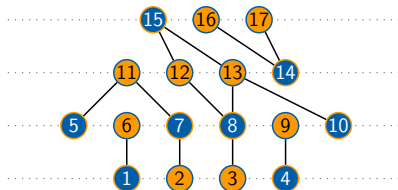
Theorem:

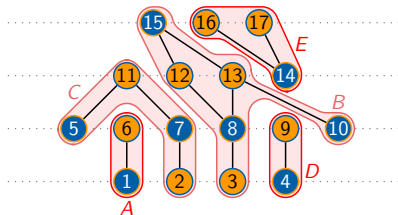
G is proper leveled-planar

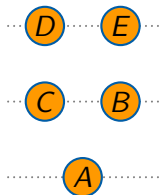
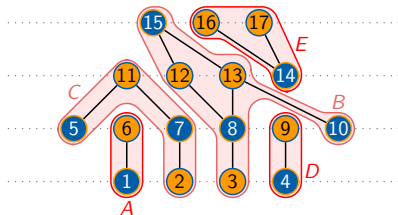


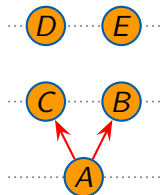
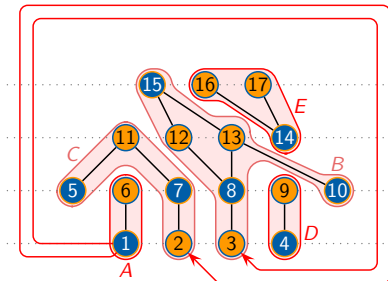
G is a bipartite queue graph

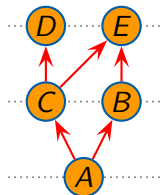
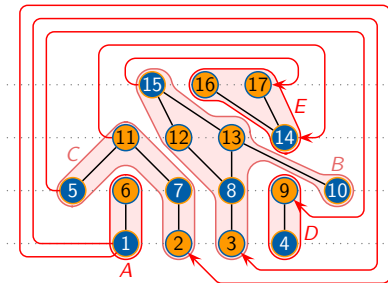


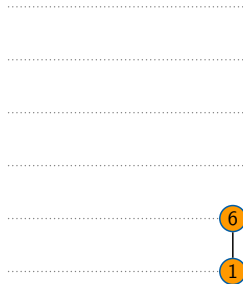
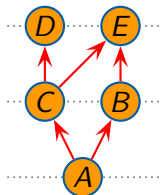
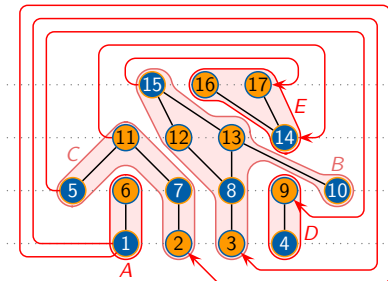


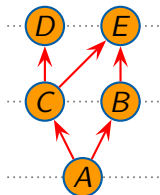
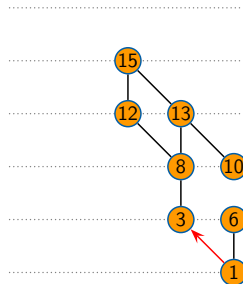
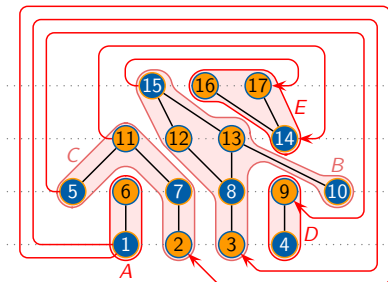


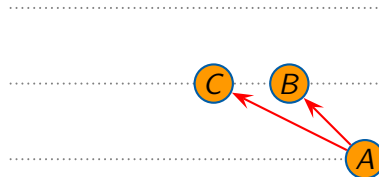
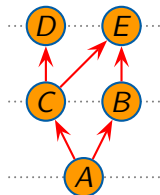
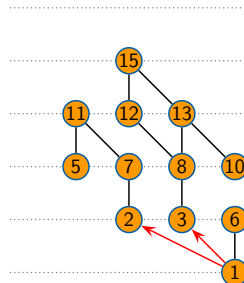
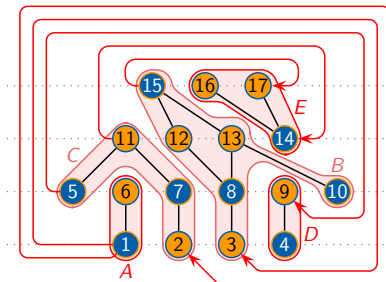


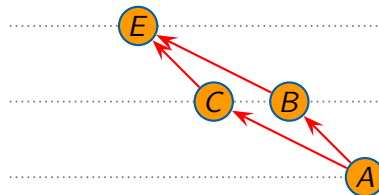
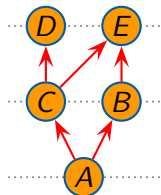
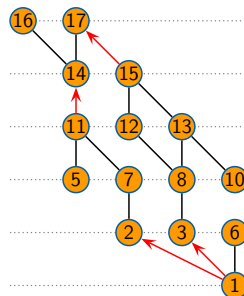
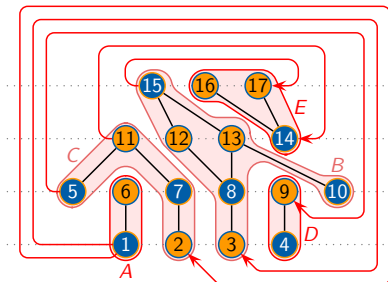


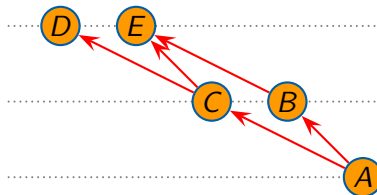
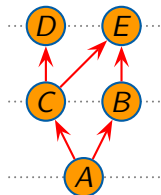
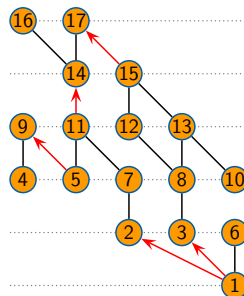
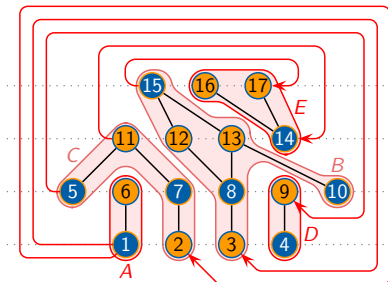














Introduction and Motivation

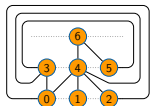
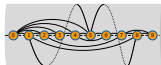
Deque Graphs

Proper Leveled-Planar Graphs

Conclusion and Future Work

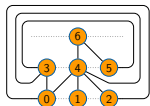
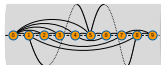


- ▶ Deque layouts
 - ▶ Planar and Hamiltonian **cycle** $\iff$ 2-Stacks
 - ▶ Planar and Hamiltonian **path** $\iff$ Deque



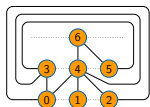
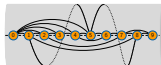


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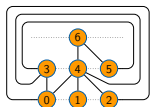
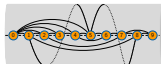


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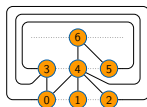
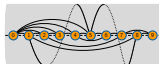




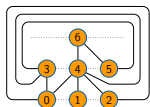
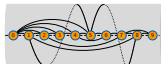
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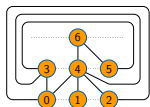
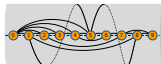


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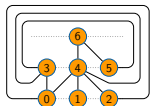
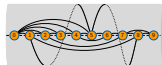


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Thank You!