# Matroid Theory Tutorials: <br> (7) Regular Matroids 

## Homework

HW 1. Show that an incidence matrix of a graph $G$ is totally unimodular if and only if the graph $G$ is bipartite. (Incidence matrix of a graph $G$ is a $0 / 1$-matrix $M$ such that its rows are indexed by vertices of $G$ and columns are indexed by edges of $G$ and for a vertex $v$ and an edge $e, M_{v, e}=1$ if and only if $v \in e$.)

HW 2. Consider the following matrix (matroid):

$$
R_{10}=\left(I_{5} \left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ccccc}
1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\
1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\
1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1
\end{array}\right.\right)
$$

- What is a dual of the matroid $R_{10}$ ?
- Is $R_{10}$ a graphic matroid?
- Is it possible to add minuses (change 1 to -1 ) to the right sumbatrix $5 \times 5$ of $R_{10}$ such that the matrix $R_{10}$ is totally unimodular?

