## Summary of the recitation on 8. 1. 2008

We gave the proof of Van der Waerden's and Gallai-Witt's theorem. Then we worked on the following exercises:

- Let  $K_{X,Y}$  be a complete bipartite subgraph with countably infinite parts X and Y. Is it true that for every two-coloring of the edges of  $K_{X,Y}$  and for every n, the graph  $K_{X,Y}$  has a monochromatic subgraph isomorphic to  $K_{n,n}$ ? What about a monochromatic complete subgraph with one part of size n and the other part infinite? What about a monochromatic complete subgraph with both parts infinite? (Finished from last time)
- Show that a countable partially ordered set can be covered by k chains if and only if it has no antichain of size k + 1. (Stated but not solved)
- Show that  $HJ(k,2) \leq k$ .
- Consider the following "density version" of Hales-Jewett theorem: Let A be an alphabet of size  $\ell$ .  $\forall \varepsilon > 0 \exists N \equiv N(\varepsilon, \ell)$  such that every set  $X \subseteq A^N$  of size at least  $\varepsilon \ell^N$  contains a combinatorial line. Show that this statement implies the ordinary Hales-Jewett theorem.